

WILSON LEAGUE

16 Drown at Sea: 50 Perish on Lakes

MANY SHIPS LOST IN STORMS

Four Vessels Wrecked In Gale Which Sweeps Great Lakes

ONE SHIP LOST IN CARIBBEAN

Only Three Of Vessel Hines Escape; All of Merida's Crew Drowned

NEW ORLEANS, La., Oct. 22.—Sixteen members of the crew of the steamer L. Edward Hines, including captain F. M. McKee, Jr., of New York, were drowned when the steamer was sunk in the Caribbean sea, 35 miles east of Belize, British Honduras, in the tropical hurricane on October 15, according to a wireless message received here from its Belize agents of the Otis Manufacturing company, which had the steamer under charter.

Only three members of the crew were saved, the message stated.

Great Storm on Lakes

Cleveland, O., Oct. 22.—Local managers of the steamer Merida, owned by the Valley Camp Shipping company, of Midland, Ont., conceded today that the ship was lost in Saturday night's gale on Lake Erie. The admission came after seven bodies of the crew had been picked up in mid lake by two other ships. So far as known, not a man of the crew of 22 survived the tragedy.

The loss of the Merida makes four lake steamers which went to the bottom of Lake Erie. The total loss of life is 50. The Marshall of the Butternut sank with no loss of life, all 13 of her crew being saved. The D. J. Miller went down with six of her crew, only the captain surviving. The James B. Cogswell crew of 22 with the single exception of the captain, perished, while every man on the Merida is believed lost.

THREE MERIDA SAILORS DEAD; BROUGHT ASHORE

Toledo, O., Oct. 22.—Three bodies of sailors, wearing life belts, stamped steamer Merida, were brought into port early today on the eight steamer W. B. Matthews from Toledo.

This is the first definite proof of the loss during a gale last Friday of the steamer Merida with a crew of about 20 men.

COURT ENJOINS SMALLER ROADS

State's Petition to Restrain Roads from Using New Tariff, Granted

Austin, Texas, Oct. 22.—Judge George Calhoun, of the 33d district court, today granted the state's petition for an injunction restraining the Texas railroads which did not participate in the Atlanta injunction suit, from operating under the new railroad tariff, 2-B, which becomes effective on November 1. There were originally 34 of the smaller roads of Texas involved in the injunction, but on motion of the state, 18 injunctions were dismissed against the Cotton Belt, as it was feared that this road may be included in the list of roads involved in the Atlanta case, and also dismissed the suit against the Wichita Falls and Northwestern railways, as that line was leased by the "Katy," and is operating under that system.

The effect of granting today's injunction means that these 22 roads are enjoined from using the new rates provided in tariff 2-B, but may operate under the advanced freight rates of the Texas commission, issued as a result of the hearing held last year.

PHILIPPINES MAY TAKE MEXICO'S SISAL TRADE

Manila, P. I., Oct. 22.—Plans looking to the raising of the Philippine Islands to the position of the free center of the world are being undertaken by the bureau of agriculture. Hemp grading established last year by law, has done wonders for the hemp industry and now the bureau is turning its attention to sisal and jute in an effort to place them on a par with the sisal of Mexico.

Cheap stripping machines are in being provided to encourage the production of sisal and jute. Literature is being distributed among all growers.

NO SUPREME COURT DECISIONS ANNOUNCED

Washington, D. C., Oct. 22.—The supreme court announced no decisions today but disposed of orders for review and other miscellaneous business.

THE IDEA OF A NATIONAL POLICY: RESPECT OTHERS' RIGHTS, DEFEND OUR OWN

BEHIND THE SCENES

Carrancistas Are Reported to Have Withdrawn to Fresno, Near Chihuahua

Francisco Villa tricked the Carrancistas advance forces under Gen. Carlos Ojuna into an ambush last Friday between Santa Ysabel and San Andres, on the western division of the Mexican North Western railroad, a report received by one of the United States agents Monday stated.

According to this report, Villa retreated from a position outside of San Andres, 40 miles on the railroad west of Chihuahua City, toward San Andres. This led the Carrancistas, who were in the trap which Villa had set, the government report stated, and the bandits, who were hidden in the rocky defiles along the railroad, poured a deadly fire into the Carrancistas troops from behind rocks.

Carrancistas Now at Fresno

The same source of information claims to have positive confirmation of the report that the Carrancistas had retreated to Santa Ysabel, thence to Palomas and were now in Fresno, the first station southwest of Chihuahua City, but Gen. Francisco Gonzalez, in Juarez, insists he has received no details of the fighting. The report that Gen. Ojuna has been killed is receiving credence here in official circles. A train is expected to arrive at the border tonight from Chihuahua City and is said to be bringing many refugees from the state capital.

Reinforcements are being sent from Juarez to Chihuahua City to strengthen the garrison there, reports received from the military authorities in Juarez state. A detachment of 125 soldiers left Juarez Sunday night for Chihuahua City, it was announced in Juarez Monday.

A rancher who arrived here from Ojo Caliente, 85 miles south of Juarez, stated today that Carrancistas were stealing horses and robbing the ranches.

Official dispatches from Chihuahua City Sunday said the bandit leader, Gen. Ojuna, was reported killed and that Col. Martin Salinas, second in command to Gen. Ojuna, had been wounded.

I said nothing regarding the report that Gen. Ojuna himself had been killed. Heavy losses on both sides were conceded in Sunday's reports which indicated the battle between Carrancistas troops and the bandits was still in progress.

3000 AMERICANS STAY IN MEXICO

Laredo, Texas, Oct. 22.—Barry 2000 Americans remain in the republic of Mexico, as compared with the 100,000 or more who lived in that country prior to the Mexican revolution, in 1911. These figures were recently compiled here by an American who concluded a ten weeks' tour of the republic at this border point. His estimate and distribution of the American citizens below the border is:

Mexico City, approximately 200 Americans.

Tampico, approximately 900.

Panama City, approximately 200 Americans.

Scattered through Sonora state, 250.

Scattered through Chihuahua state, 250.

State of Nuevo Leon, including Monterrey, 100.

Guadalupe, 12.

State of Puebla, 50.

Veracruz, 50.

San Luis Potosi, 12.

State of Coahuila, 20.

Tehuacan, 20.

Five hundred additional Americans, he said, are scattered through various other states and cities of Mexico.

CHINESE ROT

Assassination of Austrian Premier Causes Grave Disorders in Capital

London, Eng., Oct. 22.—According to a wireless dispatch from Rome, rioting broke out in Vienna, Austria, after the assassination Saturday of the Austrian premier, count Carl Starckh, by Dr. Adler, a newspaper publisher. The dispatch said the police were unable to check the grave disorders. The dispatch also reports manifestations in Athens favoring the intervention of the United States against the emperor's occupation of Athens and Piræus.

Plot Against Tiza

The assassination of count Starckh lends new interest to the details of a plot to assassinate count Tiza, the Hungarian premier, which reached London today by mail from Budapest.

Two young men who were arrested in connection with this plot were named Zoltan and Zaborzky. Each of them is 19 years old.

They made their plans carefully, purchased revolvers, prepared messages for their escape from the country afterwards and had communicated with several persons from whom they expected assistance.

At their trial one of the young men pleaded not guilty, but made a defiant political speech in which he denounced the emperor as a traitor against the nation and declared he would continue the plot against the emperor's life as soon as he was free.

Ends Parliament Proposal

The death of count Starckh came at a moment when he was apparently about to yield to the well known universal demand for the reconvening of the Austrian parliament. The negotiations between the various party leaders and count Starckh had been in progress for several weeks and the premier agreed not to speak too freely on foreign affairs and military questions.

The assassination of the premier will probably put an end to these negotiations and it is feared will lead to stricter measures on the part of the government.

Assassin in Calm

Vienna, Austria, Oct. 22.—(Berlin and Saville wireless to Associated Press.)—The assassination of the Austrian premier, count Carl Starckh, was purely political and was induced by his refusal to convene parliament, according to the admission of Dr. Friedrich Adler, his assailant, shortly after his arrest.

Dr. Adler is an eccentric and super-radical Socialist, sometimes known as "The Liebknecht of Austria." He is editor of "Der Kampf."

Two Men Wounded

Dr. Adler's arrest was not accomplished without the wounding of two men, who he had shot. He was fired on count Starckh, and before Austrian and German officers overpowered him.

ENEMY'S GRIP BROKEN

Black Sea Port, Important Railway Terminus In Rumania, Held by Enemy

FRENCH CLAIM FURTHER GAINS

Capture German Position Northeast of Saily-Sail-lisel, Is Report

LONDON, Eng., Oct. 22.—Troops of the central powers have crossed the railway line running between the Black Sea port of Constanta and the river Danube at a point to the east of Murfatlar, the German official announcement from Berlin today says.

The fortress of Constanta was taken by German and Bulgarian troops.

On the left wing of field marshal von Mackensen's army, the statement said, the Germans and their allies are approaching the Danube town of Tchernavoda.

Constanta is the Black Sea terminus of the Constanta-Tchernavoda railway. The entire resistance in Dobruja is declared to have been definitely broken.

In the north, where the Teutonic pressure is also being applied in the attempt to crush Rumania between the two jaws of the Teutonic military machine, the success of the operation seems less pronounced.

Rumanians In North Stand Pat

The Rumanians with Russian help apparently are making successful stands in the various passes leading from Transylvania to Rumanian territory. In some of these passes, notably in the Trotus, Otus and Slanic valleys, Rumanian forces are reported to have driven German troops back.

French Capture German Position

On the western front, along the Somme, the French have made another successful push in the vicinity of the Peronne-Bapaume road, capturing the spur known as number 128, northwest of Saily-Sailisel, according to today's Paris bulletin.

Retrospect reports the shattering of the battle in the Narayuvka river region, in Galicia, where the British and Vienna Sunday announced that an important Teutonic victory had been gained. The repulse of a Teutonic attack in the vicinity of the city of Brudy, in the district northeast of Lemberg, is claimed.

GERMAN AIRPLANES DROP BOMBS UPON LILLE

Paris, France, Oct. 22.—This morning German airplanes dropped bombs on Lille, France, where there were no civilians and the material damage was insignificant, said an official statement today, adding:

On the Somme front Sunday two German airplanes were brought down and three others were forced down in a damaged condition.

ARGENTINE WHEAT TO STARVE US; EUROPEANS TO TRY TO STOP US

Senator Fall Tells Some of the Dangers of Democratic Unpreparedness and Democratic Free Trade—Lays Bare Conditions in Mexico and Shows the Inconsistencies of Wilson Policy There

AS CRUCES, N. M., Oct. 22.—Woodrow Wilson and the Democratic party were flayed unmercifully by United States senator A. B. Fall before a large audience in Las Cruces Saturday night. While speaking upon other issues, senator Fall's speech was devoted mostly to Mexico.

He said he had just come from the Democratic Peace valley, where he was sure the Republican state ticket would get at least 5000 votes.

He referred to the Wilson administration's tariff acts and said he had a number of bills in the senate for the betterment of New Mexico if he could only get the approval of the department of the interior for them.

A. Jones had been for three and a half years the assistant secretary. This either showed lack of influence on the part of Mr. Jones or lack of interest for the welfare of New Mexico, he said.

One of his measures, he said, was to appropriate 2,000,000 acres of government land to assist in the building of good roads for New Mexico; the other was for an appropriation to drain the lands of the Rio Grande valley. The senate would pass either measure, he said, but the house would first have to have the approval of the department of the interior.

Dangers From Europe

Senator Fall said the United States must prepare to meet the cheap foreign labor at the close of the European war by a protective tariff, that it must also be prepared to defend itself, declaring:

"If you think you are safe here in your home from any attack from any foreign country, then you are in a fool's paradise. You are the richest country in the world today. The other countries are poor. They are going to make it up some way. They are going to have millions of veteran soldiers to take any country they want to take. Was this country ever so strong in the military sense as it was just after the civil war? Some of you remember we had 600,000 soldiers and we did not know what to do with them. We had to pass soldiers' homes bills to give these people a place to go. They have been in the army for four years; they had lost their positions at home; young men had grown up; they had no homes to return to; other people had taken their places."

When We Defied the World

"The United States was able to fight and whip the world at that time, just exactly as it threatened it would do when it threw 20,000 men on the border here to drive the French troops out of Mexico and placed Juarez in power as president of that republic. And they not only had France to deal with, but Austria, because Maximilian was the brother of the emperor of Austria, and the United States was strong enough to say to Franz Joseph of Austria: 'If you do not get out of your brother's assistance, and Juarez is able to shoot Maximilian with impunity, because the United States stood behind him.'"

Protection of Americans

Getting down to the subject of Mexico, the senator warmed up:

"Some people have said that the Republic (Continued on Page 4, Column 4.)"

WISCONSIN GREY IS BRITISH SPONSOR

Gives Approval To Taff's Idea, Now Supported By Hughes and Wilson

SAYS NATIONAL SENTIMENT NEEDED

Only Strong Support By the People Themselves Can Make League Forceful

LONDON, Eng., Oct. 22.—In an important speech at a luncheon given by the Foreign Press association today, viscount Grey, British secretary for foreign affairs, expressed approval of American movements for a league after the war to maintain peace. He stated, however, that the nations which went into such a league must have a public sentiment prepared, if necessary when a critical time came, to uphold their decision by force.

The announcement of viscount Grey is regarded as meaning practically governmental approval of the plan to establish, after the war, a league to make future wars such as the present at least improbable.

Movement Fostered By Taff

The movement for the formation of a league to enforce peace is headed in the United States by former president William H. Taft, and has been approved in principle by both Charles E. Hughes, Republican candidate for president, and by president Wilson.

Demand Public Support

Viscount Grey said that mere governmental action of the nations of the world would not suffice to back up a league to enforce peace with the requisite power to make its influence mandatory. He stressed the point that public sentiment must stand behind the league.

A similar declaration from other nations would not now be regarded with surprise.

"DAYLIGHT SAVING" IN VIENNA ADDS TO HEALTH

Washington, D. C., Oct. 22.—With the announcement of the beginning of a movement to urge congress at its coming session to adopt a "daylight saving" plan comes news from Austria that the plan has proved successful to the highest degree during the last summer.

For the health of the people, according to the United States, the plan was adopted by the Austrian government. He has been of the greatest advantage. In the saving of lighting it also has been most satisfactory. It is calculated that Vienna alone the people consumed \$142,000 worth less of gas while the city itself saved approximately \$12,000 in gas from street lighting.

Watches and clocks through Austria-Hungary were advanced one hour at midnight April 23, 1915. The purpose was to secure additional sunlight in working hours. With the coming of shorter days the clocks were set back one hour at midnight, September 20.

ENGLAND IS AGAIN RAIDED; TWO SLIGHTLY INJURED

London, Eng., Oct. 22.—Another attack by a German airplane on an English town, following Sunday's raid on Sheerness, is announced. Margate, the seaside resort on the Kent coast, was hit by a German plane this morning, but only slight damage is said to have been done by the German machine. Two persons were slightly injured.

BRITISH SEIZE 50 KILLED IN EGYPT

Evening in Egypt

London, Eng., Oct. 22.—Successful operations by British camel corps on the Egyptian western frontier have resulted in the clearing of hostile forces from large areas and the capture of 175 prisoners, says an official statement today on operations in Egypt.

Ten survivors of the camel detachments. The statement reads:

"On October 22, on the western frontier, camel corps detachments, operating with armored cars, successfully swept the Arkhila oasis to the western edge, capturing 175 prisoners after some opposition."

"A similar operation on the same date in the Bahariya oasis, 100 miles west of the Nile, by camel corps detachments, resulted in the capture of 50 prisoners, including one officer and a quantity of arms and ammunition."

"No casualties have been reported from either force."

THREE SHIPS REPORTED SUNK; 16 LIVES ARE BELIEVED LOST

LONDON, Eng., Oct. 22.—The sinking of the Danish steamer Hebe and the Dutch steamship Fortuna was reported today at Lloyd's.

Survivors of the Fortuna were landed. The captain and 15 others, it is feared, were drowned.

It was announced that the Donaldson liner Cabotia was believed to have been sunk.

FRANCO-BRITISH ATTACKS REPULSED, SAYS GERMANY

Berlin, Germany, Oct. 22.—Attacks launched by British and French forces against the German positions between Le Sars and Hancourt in the Somme region were repulsed Sunday with sanguinary losses, says the official statement issued today by the German army headquarters. On the north bank of the Somme, the tremendous artillery battle was continued Sunday.

History of Killing

The killing of Black whose house was formerly at Bellaire, Ohio, took place at Marshall a year ago last February.

Black and Hall Armed

Testimony at the examining trial showed that both Black and Hall were armed when the vult took place. Hall appeared before the grand jury but never was indicted. These cases against Copeland, Ryan and Tier were brought here on a charge of venue.